| By: | .B. | No. | |
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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to membership in and fees collected by the State Bar of
- 3 Texas and to disciplinary procedures for licensed attorneys.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 ARTICLE 1. THE STATE BAR AND ATTORNEYS
- 6 SECTION 1.01. Section 22.004(b), Government Code, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 (b) The supreme court from time to time may promulgate a
- 9 specific rule or rules of civil procedure, or an amendment or
- 10 amendments to a specific rule or rules, to be effective at the time
- 11 the supreme court deems expedient in the interest of a proper
- 12 administration of justice. The rules and amendments to rules
- 13 remain in effect unless and until disapproved by the legislature.
- 14 The clerk of the supreme court shall file with the secretary of
- 15 state the rules or amendments to rules promulgated by the supreme
- 16 court under this subsection and shall mail a copy of those rules or
- 17 amendments to rules to each registered member of the State Bar of
- 18 Texas and each attorney licensed to practice law in this state not
- 19 later than the 60th day before the date on which they become
- 20 effective. On receiving a written request from a member of the
- 21 legislature, the secretary of state shall provide the member with
- 22 electronic notifications when the supreme court has promulgated
- 23 rules or amendments to rules under this section.
- SECTION 1.02. Section 74.024(d), Government Code, is

- 1 amended to read as follows:
- 2 (d) Any rules adopted under this section remain in effect
- 3 unless and until disapproved by the legislature. The clerk of the
- 4 supreme court shall file with the secretary of state the rules or
- 5 any amendments to the rules adopted by the supreme court under this
- 6 section and shall mail a copy of the rules and any amendments to
- 7 each registered member of the State Bar and each attorney licensed
- 8 to practice law in this state not later than the 120th day before
- 9 the date on which they become effective. The supreme court shall
- 10 allow a period of 60 days for review and comment on the rules and any
- 11 amendments. The clerk of the supreme court shall report the rules
- 12 or amendments to the rules to the next regular session of the
- 13 legislature by mailing a copy of the rules or amendments to the
- 14 rules to each elected member of the legislature on or before
- 15 December 1 immediately preceding the session.
- SECTION 1.03. Section 81.012, Government Code, is amended
- 17 to read as follows:
- 18 Sec. 81.012. PURPOSES. In order that the public
- 19 responsibilities of the legal profession may be more effectively
- 20 discharged, the state bar has the following purposes:
- 21 (1) to aid the courts in carrying on and improving the
- 22 administration of justice;
- 23 (2) to advance the quality of legal services to the
- 24 public and to foster the role of the legal profession in serving the
- 25 public;
- 26 (3) to foster and maintain on the part of those engaged
- 27 in the practice of law high ideals and integrity, learning,

- 1 competence in public service, and high standards of conduct;
- 2 (4) to provide proper professional services to the
- 3 members of the state bar and the attorneys licensed to practice law
- 4 in this state;
- 5 (5) to encourage the formation of and activities of
- 6 local bar associations;
- 7 (6) to provide forums for the discussion of subjects
- 8 pertaining to the practice of law, the science of jurisprudence and
- 9 law reform, and the relationship of the state bar to the public; and
- 10 (7) to publish information relating to the subjects
- 11 listed in Subdivision (6).
- 12 SECTION 1.04. Sections 81.022(a-2), (a-3), and (a-4),
- 13 Government Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 14 (a-2) A [Any change in a] membership fee or other fee for
- 15 state bar members must be:
- 16 (1) clearly described and included in the proposed
- 17 budget; and
- 18 (2) considered by the supreme court in the state bar
- 19 budget deliberations.
- 20 (a-3) The state bar may not collect a [Except as provided by
- 21 Subsection (a-4), an increase in a membership fee or other fee from
- 22 [for] state bar members [may not take effect] until the supreme
- 23 court:
- 24 (1) distributes the proposed fee [fee change] in
- 25 ballot form to each member of the state bar who would be required to
- 26 pay the fee and orders a vote;
- 27 (2) counts the returned ballots following the 30th day

- 1 after the date the ballots are distributed; and
- 2 (3) promulgates the proposed fee, effective
- 3 immediately, only on approval of the fee [increase] by two-thirds
- 4 [a majority] of the members of the state bar who would be required
- 5 to pay the fee [members who voted on the increase].
- 6 (a-4) The supreme court shall hold the fee referendum
- 7 described by Subsection (a-3) once each state fiscal year. If a
- 8 referendum is not held or if two-thirds of the members of the state
- 9 bar who would be required to pay the proposed fee fail to approve
- 10 the fee, the state bar may not collect the fee from state bar
- 11 members during that state fiscal year [An increase in the fee for
- 12 membership in the state bar may be made by the board of directors,
- 13 without a vote of the members of the state bar, provided that not
- 14 more than one increase may be made by the board of directors in a
- 15 six-year period and such increase shall not exceed 10 percent].
- SECTION 1.05. Section 81.024(b), Government Code, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 (b) The supreme court may:
- 19 (1) as it considers necessary, pursuant to a
- 20 resolution of the board of directors of the state bar, or pursuant
- 21 to a petition signed by at least 10 percent of the registered
- 22 members of the state bar, prepare, propose, and adopt rules or
- 23 amendments to rules for the operation, maintenance, and
- 24 administration of the state bar; and
- 25 (2) in accordance with Subchapter E-1, adopt rules,
- 26 including the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct and
- 27 the Texas Rules of Disciplinary Procedure, for the discipline of

- 1 state bar members and attorneys licensed to practice law in this
- 2 state.
- 3 SECTION 1.06. Section 81.029(e), Government Code, is
- 4 amended to read as follows:
- 5 (e) The executive director shall maintain the [membership]
- 6 files for state bar members and attorneys licensed to practice law
- 7 <u>in this state</u> and shall confer with the clerk of the supreme court
- 8 as to the maintenance of those files.
- 9 SECTION 1.07. Section 81.034, Government Code, is amended
- 10 to read as follows:
- 11 Sec. 81.034. RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS. (a) Fees
- 12 collected under this chapter and other funds received by the state
- 13 bar may not be used for influencing the passage or defeat of any
- 14 legislative measure unless the measure relates to the regulation of
- 15 the legal profession, improving the quality of legal services, or
- 16 the administration of justice and the amount of the expenditure is
- 17 reasonable and necessary. This subsection does not prohibit a
- 18 member of the board of directors or an officer or employee of the
- 19 state bar from furnishing information in the person's possession
- 20 that is not confidential information to a member or committee of the
- 21 legislature on request of the member or committee.
- (b) Fees the state bar collects under this chapter or other
- 23 funds the state bar receives may not be used to provide a gift,
- 24 grant, or donation to influence a judge, justice, judicial
- 25 candidate, or judicial association. A judge, justice, judicial
- 26 candidate, member of a judicial association, or descendant or
- 27 member of the household of a judge, justice, judicial candidate, or

- 1 member of a judicial association may not accept a gift, grant, or
- 2 donation from the state bar.
- 3 SECTION 1.08. Section 81.051, Government Code, is amended
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 81.051. BAR MEMBERSHIP NOT REQUIRED. (a) The state
- 6 bar is composed of those persons licensed to practice law in this
- 7 state who elect to become members of the state bar. A person
- 8 licensed to practice law in this state is not required to enroll in
- 9 the state bar.
- 10 (b) Bar members and attorneys licensed to practice law in
- 11 this state are subject to this chapter and to the rules adopted by
- 12 the supreme court.
- (c) A [(b) Each] person licensed to practice law in this
- 14 state may [shall, not later than the 10th day after the person's
- 15 admission to practice, enroll in the state bar by registering with
- 16 the clerk of the supreme court.
- 17 SECTION 1.09. The heading to Section 81.053, Government
- 18 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 19 Sec. 81.053. STATUS OF CERTAIN MEMBERSHIP CLASSES AND
- 20 NONMEMBERS.
- 21 SECTION 1.10. Section 81.053, Government Code, is amended
- 22 by adding Subsection (d) to read as follows:
- 23 (d) A person licensed to practice law in this state who is
- 24 not a member of the state bar is prohibited from holding an office
- 25 of the state bar or voting in any election conducted by the state
- 26 bar.
- 27 SECTION 1.11. Sections 81.054(a), (e), (f), (g), (h), and

- 1 (j), Government Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 2 (a) Unless the collection of membership fees and other fees
- 3 for members of the state bar is prohibited as provided by Section
- 4 81.022(a-4), the [The] supreme court shall set membership fees and
- 5 other fees for members of the state bar during the court's annual
- 6 budget process under Section 81.022. The fees, except as provided
- 7 by Subsection (j) and those set for associate members, must be set
- 8 in accordance with this section and Section 81.022.
- 9 (e) The state bar by rule may adopt a system under which
- 10 membership fees are due, if applicable, on various dates during the
- 11 year. For the year in which a due date is changed, the annual fee
- 12 shall be prorated on a monthly basis so that the member pays only
- 13 that portion of the fee that is allocable to the number of months
- 14 remaining before the new expiration date. An increase in fees
- 15 applies only to fees that are payable on or after the effective date
- 16 of the increase.
- 17 (f) A person who is otherwise eligible to renew the person's
- 18 membership may renew the membership by paying the required
- 19 membership fees, if applicable, to the state bar on or before the
- 20 due date.
- 21 (g) A person whose membership has been expired for 90 days
- 22 or less may renew the membership by paying to the state bar
- 23 membership fees, if applicable, equal to 1-1/2 times the normally
- 24 required membership fees.
- 25 (h) A person whose membership has been expired for more than
- 26 90 days but less than one year may renew the membership by paying to
- 27 the state bar membership fees, if applicable, equal to two times the

- 1 normally required membership fees.
- 2 (j) Unless the collection of membership fees and other fees
- 3 for members of the state bar is prohibited as provided by Section
- 4 81.022(a-4), the [The] supreme court shall set an additional legal
- 5 services fee in an amount of \$65 to be paid annually by each active
- 6 member of the state bar except as provided by Subsection (k).
- 7 Section 81.024 does not apply to a fee set under this subsection.
- 8 SECTION 1.12. The heading to Section 81.062, Government
- 9 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 10 Sec. 81.062. [STATE BAR] ADMISSION TO PRACTICE LAW AND
- 11 RELIGIOUS BELIEF.
- SECTION 1.13. Sections 81.072(b) and (c), Government Code,
- 13 are amended to read as follows:
- 14 (b) The supreme court shall establish minimum standards and
- 15 procedures for the attorney disciplinary and disability system.
- 16 The standards and procedures for processing grievances against
- 17 attorneys must provide for:
- 18 (1) classification of all grievances and
- 19 investigation of all complaints;
- 20 (2) a full explanation to each complainant on
- 21 dismissal of an inquiry or a complaint;
- 22 (3) periodic preparation of abstracts of inquiries and
- 23 complaints filed that, even if true, do or do not constitute
- 24 misconduct;
- 25 (4) an information file for each grievance filed;
- 26 (5) <u>a system for imposing monetary sanctions against</u>
- 27 persons who file frivolous grievances;

- 1 (6) a grievance tracking system to monitor processing
- 2 of grievances by category, method of resolution, and length of time
- 3 required for resolution;
- 4 (7) [(6)] notice by the state bar to the parties of a
- 5 written grievance filed with the state bar that the state bar has
- 6 the authority to resolve of the status of the grievance, at least
- 7 quarterly and until final disposition, unless the notice would
- 8 jeopardize an undercover investigation;
- 9 (8) $\left[\frac{(7)}{1}\right]$ an option for a trial in a district court on
- 10 a complaint or [and] an administrative system for attorney
- 11 disciplinary and disability findings in lieu of trials in district
- 12 court, and [including] an appeal procedure to the Board of
- 13 Disciplinary Appeals or [and] the supreme court, all under the
- 14 clear and convincing [substantial] evidence rule;
- 15 $\underline{(9)}$ [$\frac{(8)}{(8)}$] an administrative system for reciprocal and
- 16 compulsory discipline;
- (10) $[\frac{(9)}{}]$ interim suspension of an attorney posing a
- 18 threat of immediate irreparable harm to a client;
- (11) $[\frac{(10)}{}]$ authorizing all parties to an attorney
- 20 disciplinary hearing, including the complainant, to be present at
- 21 all hearings at which testimony is taken and requiring notice of
- 22 those hearings to be given to the complainant not later than the
- 23 seventh day before the date of the hearing;
- 24 (12) [(11)] the commission adopting rules that govern
- 25 the use of private reprimands by grievance committees and that
- 26 prohibit a committee:
- 27 (A) giving an attorney more than one private

- 1 reprimand within a five-year period for a violation of the same
- 2 disciplinary rule; or
- 3 (B) giving a private reprimand for a violation:
- 4 (i) that involves a failure to return an
- 5 unearned fee, a theft, or a misapplication of fiduciary property;
- 6 or
- 7 (ii) of a disciplinary rule that requires a
- 8 prosecutor to disclose to the defense all evidence or information
- 9 known to the prosecutor that tends to negate the guilt of the
- 10 accused or mitigates the offense, including Rule 3.09(d), Texas
- 11 Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct; and
- 12 (13) $\left[\frac{(12)}{(12)}\right]$ distribution of a voluntary survey to all
- 13 complainants urging views on grievance system experiences.
- 14 (c) In addition to the minimum standards and procedures
- 15 provided by this chapter, the supreme court, under Section 81.024
- 16 shall prepare, propose, and adopt rules it considers necessary for
- 17 disciplining, suspending, revoking the licenses of [disbarring],
- 18 and accepting resignations of attorneys.
- 19 SECTION 1.14. Section 81.076(b), Government Code, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 (b) The commission is a standing committee of the state bar.
- 22 The commission is composed of 12 persons. Six members must be
- 23 attorneys <u>licensed to practice law in this state</u>, and six members
- 24 must not be attorneys. The president of the state bar appoints the
- 25 attorney members. The supreme court appoints the public members.
- 26 The public members may not have, other than as consumers, an
- 27 interest, direct or indirect, in the practice of law or the

- 1 profession of law. The supreme court may remove any member for good
- 2 cause.
- 3 SECTION 1.15. The heading to Section 81.077, Government
- 4 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 81.077. [DISBARMENT] PROCEEDINGS IN ACTION TO REVOKE
- 6 ATTORNEY LICENSE.
- 7 SECTION 1.16. Sections 81.077(a), (b), and (d), Government
- 8 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 9 (a) The supreme court may not adopt or promulgate any rule
- 10 abrogating the right of trial by jury of an accused attorney in an
- 11 [a disbarment] action to revoke the attorney's license to practice
- 12 law in the county of the residence of the accused attorney.
- 13 (b) A [disbarment] proceeding to revoke [against] a
- 14 resident attorney's license to practice law [attorney] shall be
- 15 instituted in a district court in the county of the attorney's
- 16 residence, but the accused attorney may apply for change of venue
- 17 under Rule 257, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 18 (d) Venue in a [disbarment] proceeding to revoke [against] a
- 19 nonresident attorney's license to practice law in this state
- 20 [member of the state bar] is in a district court either in Travis
- 21 County or in any county where the alleged misconduct occurred.
- 22 SECTION 1.17. Sections 81.078(a), (c), and (d), Government
- 23 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 24 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), until an attorney
- 25 has been convicted of the charges for <u>revocation of the attorney's</u>
- 26 license to practice law [disbarment] pending against the attorney
- 27 in a court of competent jurisdiction, the attorney may be suspended

- 1 from the practice of law only if the attorney concurs in an order of
- 2 suspension entered by the grievance committee.
- 3 (c) On proof of final conviction of any felony involving
- 4 moral turpitude or any misdemeanor involving theft, embezzlement,
- 5 or fraudulent misappropriation of money or other property, the
- 6 district court of the county of the residence of the convicted
- 7 attorney shall enter an order revoking the attorney's license to
- 8 practice law [disbarring the attorney].
- 9 (d) In an action for the revocation of an attorney's license
- 10 to practice law [to disbar any attorney] for acts made the basis of
- 11 a conviction for a felony involving moral turpitude or a
- 12 misdemeanor involving theft, embezzlement, or fraudulent
- 13 misappropriation of money or other property, the record of
- 14 conviction is conclusive evidence of the guilt of the attorney for
- 15 the crime of which the attorney [he] was convicted.
- SECTION 1.18. Section 81.085, Government Code, is amended
- 17 to read as follows:
- 18 Sec. 81.085. REGULAR SEARCH OF NATIONAL LAWYER REGULATORY
- 19 DATA BANK. The chief disciplinary counsel shall establish a
- 20 process to regularly search the National Lawyer Regulatory Data
- 21 Bank maintained by the American Bar Association to identify an
- 22 attorney licensed to practice law in this state [a member of the
- 23 state bar] who is disciplined in another state.
- SECTION 1.19. Section 81.0872(a), Government Code, is
- 25 amended to read as follows:
- 26 (a) The committee consists of nine members, including:
- 27 (1) three attorneys licensed to practice law in this

- 1 state appointed by the president of the state bar;
- 2 (2) one nonattorney public member appointed by the
- 3 president of the state bar;
- 4 (3) four attorneys <u>licensed to practice law in this</u>
- 5 state appointed by the supreme court; and
- 6 (4) one nonattorney public member appointed by the
- 7 supreme court.
- 8 SECTION 1.20. Section 81.0876(a), Government Code, is
- 9 amended to read as follows:
- 10 (a) On initiation of the process for proposing a
- 11 disciplinary rule, the committee shall:
- 12 (1) study the issue to be addressed by the proposed
- 13 rule;
- 14 (2) hold a public hearing on the issue;
- 15 (3) draft the proposed rule, which may not address
- 16 more than one subject; and
- 17 (4) make all reasonable efforts to solicit comments
- 18 from different geographic regions in this state, attorney and
- 19 nonattorney members of the public, and members of the state bar.
- SECTION 1.21. The heading to Section 81.0878, Government
- 21 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 81.0878. REFERENDUM VOTE BY <u>ATTORNEYS</u> [STATE BAR
- 23 MEMBERS].
- 24 SECTION 1.22. Sections 81.0878(a), (b), and (d), Government
- 25 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 26 (a) On receipt of a petition filed by the board of directors
- 27 under Section 81.0877(b), the supreme court shall:

- 1 (1) distribute a copy of the rule in ballot form to
- 2 each attorney licensed to practice law in this state and each member
- 3 of the state bar and order a vote on the rule; and
- 4 (2) publish the rule in:
- 5 (A) the Texas Register; and
- 6 (B) the Texas Bar Journal.
- 7 (b) The supreme court shall give state bar members <u>and</u>
- 8 <u>attorneys licensed to practice law in this state:</u>
- 9 (1) at least 30 days to consider a proposed
- 10 disciplinary rule before voting begins; and
- 11 (2) 30 days to vote on the proposed disciplinary rule
- 12 following the period for considering the proposed rule under
- 13 Subdivision (1).
- 14 (d) One or more proposed disciplinary rules may appear on a
- 15 single referendum ballot. State bar members <u>and attorneys licensed</u>
- 16 to practice law in this state shall vote for or against each rule.
- 17 If a majority of the members and attorneys who vote on the proposed
- 18 rule vote in favor of the rule, the rule is approved by the members
- 19 and attorneys [of the state bar].
- SECTION 1.23. Section 81.0879, Government Code, is amended
- 21 to read as follows:
- Sec. 81.0879. SUPREME COURT APPROVAL OR REJECTION. The
- 23 supreme court by majority vote may approve or reject a proposed
- 24 disciplinary rule in its entirety, but may not approve or reject
- 25 only part of the rule. If the supreme court does not vote on the
- 26 rule on or before the 120th day after the date the rule is approved
- 27 by bar members and attorneys under Section 81.0878, the rule is

- 1 considered approved by the supreme court.
- 2 SECTION 1.24. Section 81.08792, Government Code, is amended
- 3 to read as follows:
- 4 Sec. 81.08792. PROPOSED DISCIPLINARY RULE APPROVAL
- 5 REQUIRED BEFORE ADOPTION. A proposed disciplinary rule may not be
- 6 adopted by the supreme court unless the rule is approved by:
- 7 (1) the committee;
- 8 (2) the board of directors;
- 9 (3) the members of the state bar and the attorneys
- 10 licensed to practice law in this state; and
- 11 (4) the supreme court.
- 12 SECTION 1.25. Section 81.0884, Government Code, is amended
- 13 to read as follows:
- 14 Sec. 81.0884. ACCESS TO INFORMATION. The chief
- 15 disciplinary counsel, a district grievance committee, the board of
- 16 directors, the commission, [and] state bar members, and attorneys
- 17 licensed to practice law in this state shall share with the
- 18 ombudsman requested information that is necessary to:
- 19 (1) determine whether the state bar followed
- 20 procedural rules related to a particular grievance; or
- 21 (2) evaluate the system's efficacy and adequacy.
- SECTION 1.26. Section 81.092(a), Government Code, is
- 23 amended to read as follows:
- 24 (a) The committee shall, either on its own initiative or on
- 25 request [when requested to do so] by a member of the state bar or an
- 26 attorney licensed to practice law in this state, express its
- 27 opinion on the propriety of professional conduct other than on a

- 1 question pending before a court of this state.
- 2 SECTION 1.27. The heading to Section 81.102, Government
- 3 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 4 Sec. 81.102. LICENSURE [STATE BAR MEMBERSHIP] REQUIRED.
- 5 SECTION 1.28. Section 81.102(a), Government Code, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), a person may not
- 8 practice law in this state unless the person is licensed to practice
- 9 law in this state [a member of the state bar].
- SECTION 1.29. Section 81.113(c), Government Code, is
- 11 amended to read as follows:
- 12 (c) The state bar shall recognize, prepare, or administer
- 13 continuing education programs for members of the state bar and
- 14 attorneys licensed to practice law in this state. A member of the
- 15 state bar and an attorney licensed to practice law in this state
- 16 must participate in the programs to the extent required by the
- 17 supreme court to maintain the person's state bar membership or
- 18 license.
- 19 SECTION 1.30. Sections 81.115(a), (f), and (h), Government
- 20 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 21 (a) The state bar shall create a profile of each attorney
- 22 licensed to practice law in this state [by the state bar]. The
- 23 profile must:
- 24 (1) include the information required by Subsection
- 25 (b);
- 26 (2) include the information described by Subsection
- 27 (c) if that information is provided by the attorney to the state

- 1 bar; and
- 2 (3) be compiled in a format that permits the state bar
- 3 to make the information contained in the profile available online
- 4 to the public.
- 5 (f) The state bar shall:
- 6 (1) annually provide to each attorney licensed to
- 7 practice law in this state [by the state bar] a copy of the
- 8 attorney's profile; or
- 9 (2) provide to an individual attorney a copy of the
- 10 attorney's profile on request. The state bar shall provide an
- 11 attorney one month from the date a copy of the attorney's profile is
- 12 provided to the attorney to correct factual errors in the
- 13 attorney's profile.
- 14 (h) Unless the collection of membership fees and other fees
- 15 for members of the state bar is prohibited as provided by Section
- 16 81.022(a-4), for [For] purposes of administering this section, the
- 17 state bar may collect from each member of the state bar an annual
- 18 fee of not more than \$10.
- 19 SECTION 1.31. Section 81.156, Government Code, is amended
- 20 to read as follows:
- Sec. 81.156. CONSTRUCTION OF SUBCHAPTER. This subchapter
- 22 may not be construed to limit or otherwise affect the authority of
- 23 the Supreme Court of Texas to regulate the practice of law, enforce
- 24 the Texas Disciplinary Rules of Professional Conduct, or discipline
- 25 persons admitted to the state bar or licensed to practice law in
- 26 this state.
- SECTION 1.32. Section 82.023(a), Government Code, is

- 1 amended to read as follows:
- 2 (a) Each person intending to apply for <u>a license to practice</u>
- 3 law in this state [admission to the bar] must file with the Board of
- 4 Law Examiners, on a form provided by the board, a declaration of
- 5 intention to study law.
- 6 SECTION 1.33. Section 82.0361(a), Government Code, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 (a) In this section, "nonresident attorney" means a person
- 9 who resides in and is licensed to practice law in another state but
- 10 who is not <u>licensed</u> to practice law in this state [a member of the
- 11 State Bar of Texas].
- 12 SECTION 1.34. Section 82.061(b), Government Code, is
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 14 (b) An attorney may not be suspended or have the attorney's
- 15 <u>license to practice law revoked</u> [stricken from the rolls] for
- 16 contempt unless the contempt involves fraudulent or dishonorable
- 17 conduct or malpractice.
- 18 SECTION 1.35. The heading to Section 82.062, Government
- 19 Code, is amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 82.062. REVOCATION OF LICENSE [DISBARMENT].
- SECTION 1.36. Section 411.100(a-1), Government Code, is
- 22 amended to read as follows:
- 23 (a-1) The State Bar of Texas is entitled to obtain:
- 24 (1) from the department, criminal history record
- 25 information maintained by the department that relates to a person
- 26 who is a member of the state bar or is licensed to practice law in
- 27 this state; or

- 1 (2) from the Board of Law Examiners, criminal history
- 2 record information obtained under Subsection (a).
- 3 ARTICLE 2. CONFORMING CHANGES
- 4 SECTION 2.01. Article 26.044(f), Code of Criminal
- 5 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (f) A public defender's office must be directed by a chief
- 7 public defender who:
- 8 (1) is <u>licensed to practice law in this state</u> [a member
- 9 of the State Bar of Texas];
- 10 (2) has practiced law for at least three years; and
- 11 (3) has substantial experience in the practice of
- 12 criminal law.
- 13 SECTION 2.02. Article 26.047(d), Code of Criminal
- 14 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:
- 15 (d) A program under this article must have a director.
- 16 Unless the program uses a review committee appointed under
- 17 Subsection (e), a program under this article must be directed by a
- 18 person who:
- 19 (1) is <u>licensed to practice law in this state</u> [a member
- 20 of the State Bar of Texas];
- 21 (2) has practiced law for at least three years; and
- 22 (3) has substantial experience in the practice of
- 23 criminal law.
- 24 SECTION 2.03. Articles 26.052(d)(2) and (3), Code of
- 25 Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:
- 26 (2) The standards must require that a trial attorney
- 27 appointed as lead counsel to a capital case:

- 1 (A) be <u>licensed to practice law in this state</u> [a
 2 member of the State Bar of Texas];
- 3 (B) exhibit proficiency and commitment to
- 4 providing quality representation to defendants in death penalty
- 5 cases;
- 6 (C) have not been found by a federal or state
- 7 court to have rendered ineffective assistance of counsel during the
- 8 trial or appeal of any capital case, unless the local selection
- 9 committee determines under Subsection (n) that the conduct
- 10 underlying the finding no longer accurately reflects the attorney's
- 11 ability to provide effective representation;
- 12 (D) have at least five years of criminal law
- 13 experience;
- 14 (E) have tried to a verdict as lead defense
- 15 counsel a significant number of felony cases, including homicide
- 16 trials and other trials for offenses punishable as second or first
- 17 degree felonies or capital felonies;
- 18 (F) have trial experience in:
- (i) the use of and challenges to mental
- 20 health or forensic expert witnesses; and
- 21 (ii) investigating and presenting
- 22 mitigating evidence at the penalty phase of a death penalty trial;
- 23 and
- 24 (G) have participated in continuing legal
- 25 education courses or other training relating to criminal defense in
- 26 death penalty cases.
- 27 (3) The standards must require that an attorney

- 1 appointed as lead appellate counsel in the direct appeal of a
- 2 capital case:
- 3 (A) be <u>licensed to practice law in this state</u> [a
- 4 member of the State Bar of Texas];
- 5 (B) exhibit proficiency and commitment to
- 6 providing quality representation to defendants in death penalty
- 7 cases;
- 8 (C) have not been found by a federal or state
- 9 court to have rendered ineffective assistance of counsel during the
- 10 trial or appeal of any capital case, unless the local selection
- 11 committee determines under Subsection (n) that the conduct
- 12 underlying the finding no longer accurately reflects the attorney's
- 13 ability to provide effective representation;
- 14 (D) have at least five years of criminal law
- 15 experience;
- 16 (E) have authored a significant number of
- 17 appellate briefs, including appellate briefs for homicide cases and
- 18 other cases involving an offense punishable as a capital felony or a
- 19 felony of the first degree or an offense described by Article
- 20 42A.054(a);
- 21 (F) have trial or appellate experience in:
- (i) the use of and challenges to mental
- 23 health or forensic expert witnesses; and
- 24 (ii) the use of mitigating evidence at the
- 25 penalty phase of a death penalty trial; and
- 26 (G) have participated in continuing legal
- 27 education courses or other training relating to criminal defense in

- 1 appealing death penalty cases.
- 2 SECTION 2.04. Section 107.259(a), Family Code, is amended
- 3 to read as follows:
- 4 (a) An office of child representation or office of parent
- 5 representation must be directed by a chief counsel who:
- 6 (1) is <u>licensed to practice law in this state</u> [a member
- 7 of the State Bar of Texas];
- 8 (2) has practiced law for at least five years; and
- 9 (3) has substantial experience in the practice of
- 10 child protection law.
- SECTION 2.05. Section 107.305(a), Family Code, is amended
- 12 to read as follows:
- 13 (a) Unless a program uses a review committee appointed under
- 14 Section 107.306, a program under this subchapter must be directed
- 15 by a person who:
- 16 (1) is <u>licensed to practice law in this state</u> [a member
- 17 of the State Bar of Texas];
- 18 (2) has practiced law for at least three years; and
- 19 (3) has substantial experience in the practice of
- 20 child welfare law.
- SECTION 2.06. Section 81.0221, Government Code, is amended
- 22 to read as follows:
- Sec. 81.0221. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES. None of the funds of the
- 24 state bar collected from membership fees or other fees [mandatory
- 25 dues] may be used for the purchase of alcoholic beverages.
- SECTION 2.07. Section 154.051(a), Government Code, is
- 27 amended to read as follows:

- 1 (a) The Court Reporters Certification Advisory Board is
- 2 established as an advisory board to the commission. The advisory
- 3 board is composed of at least nine members appointed by the supreme
- 4 court as follows:
- 5 (1) one active district judge presiding over a court
- 6 that employs an official court reporter;
- 7 (2) one active attorney licensed in this state who has
- 8 been a practicing attorney in this state [member of the State Bar]
- 9 for more than the five years immediately preceding the attorney's
- 10 appointment to the advisory board;
- 11 (3) two certified shorthand reporters actively
- 12 engaged in the practice of official court reporting in this state
- 13 for more than the five years immediately preceding their
- 14 appointment to the advisory board;
- 15 (4) two certified shorthand reporters actively
- 16 engaged in the practice of shorthand reporting on a freelance basis
- 17 for more than the five years immediately preceding their
- 18 appointment to the advisory board;
- 19 (5) one certified shorthand reporter actively engaged
- 20 in practice as a captioner in this state for more than the five
- 21 years immediately preceding the captioner's appointment to the
- 22 advisory board; and
- 23 (6) two certified shorthand reporters who:
- 24 (A) own a shorthand reporting firm in this state;
- 25 and
- 26 (B) have owned and operated a shorthand reporting
- 27 firm in this state for more than the five years immediately

- 1 preceding their appointment to the advisory board.
- 2 SECTION 2.08. Sections 432.005(a) and (b), Government Code,
- 3 are amended to read as follows:
- 4 (a) The adjutant general shall appoint an officer of the
- 5 state military forces as state judge advocate general. To be
- 6 eligible for appointment, an officer must be <u>an attorney licensed</u>
- 7 to practice law in this state [a member of the State Bar of Texas]
- 8 for at least five years.
- 9 (b) The adjutant general shall appoint judge advocates and
- 10 legal officers on recommendation by the state judge advocate
- 11 general. To be eligible for appointment, a judge advocate or legal
- 12 officer must be an officer of the state military forces and an
- 13 attorney licensed to practice law in this state [a member of the
- 14 State Bar of Texas].
- SECTION 2.09. Section 432.045(b), Government Code, is
- 16 amended to read as follows:
- 17 (b) A military judge must be a commissioned officer of the
- 18 state military forces, an attorney licensed to practice law in this
- 19 state [a member of the State Bar of Texas], and certified to be
- 20 qualified for duty as a military judge by the state judge advocate
- 21 general of the state military forces.
- SECTION 2.10. Sections 432.046(b) and (c), Government Code,
- 23 are amended to read as follows:
- 24 (b) Trial counsel or defense counsel detailed for a general
- 25 court-martial must be:
- 26 (1) an attorney licensed to practice law in this state
- 27 [a member of the State Bar of Texas]; and

- 1 (2) certified as competent to perform those duties by 2 the state judge advocate general.
- 3 In the case of a special or summary court-martial the accused shall be afforded the opportunity to be represented at the 4 5 trial by counsel having the qualifications prescribed under Subsection (b) unless counsel having those qualifications cannot be 6 obtained because of physical conditions or military exigencies. 7 8 counsel having those qualifications cannot be obtained, the court may be convened and the trial held, but the convening authority 9 10 shall make a detailed written statement, to be appended to the record, stating why counsel with those qualifications could not be 11 12 obtained. If the trial counsel is qualified to act as counsel before a general court-martial, the defense counsel detailed by the 13 convening authority must be a person similarly qualified. 14 15 trial counsel is a judge advocate or an attorney licensed to practice law in this state [a member of the State Bar of Texas], the 16 17 defense counsel detailed by the convening authority must be a judge advocate or an attorney licensed to practice law in this state [a 18 member of the State Bar of Texas]. 19
- 20 SECTION 2.11. Section 432.109(a), Government Code, is 21 amended to read as follows:
- 22 (a) The Texas Court of Military Appeals consists of five 23 judges appointed by the adjutant general on the advice and 24 recommendation of the state judge advocate general for staggered 25 six-year terms. A judge appointed to fill a vacancy occurring 26 before the expiration of the term for which the judge's predecessor 27 was appointed shall be appointed only for the unexpired term of his

- 1 predecessor. The adjutant general, on the advice and
- 2 recommendation of the state judge advocate general, shall appoint
- 3 the chief judge of the court. A person is eligible for appointment
- 4 to the court if the person:
- 5 (1) is an attorney licensed to practice law in this
- 6 state [a member of the State Bar of Texas];
- 7 (2) is a commissioned officer of the Texas military
- 8 forces, active or retired, or a retired commissioned officer in the
- 9 reserves of the armed forces of the United States; and
- 10 (3) has been engaged in the active practice of law for
- 11 at least five years and has at least five years' experience as a
- 12 staff judge advocate, judge advocate, or legal officer with the
- 13 Texas military forces, except that the requirements of this
- 14 subdivision are satisfied by equivalent experience or practice in
- 15 the armed forces of the United States.
- 16 SECTION 2.12. Section 2501.003(2), Insurance Code, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 (2) "Attorney" means:
- 19 (A) a person who is licensed to practice law <u>in</u>
- 20 this state [and is a member of the State Bar of Texas]; or
- 21 (B) a Texas professional corporation organized
- 22 to provide professional legal services.
- 23 SECTION 2.13. Section 951.051(b), Occupations Code, is
- 24 amended to read as follows:
- 25 (b) An attorney licensed to practice law in this state [A]
- 26 member of the state bar] may provide legal services to a prepaid
- 27 legal services program only if the organization sponsoring the

- 1 program is approved by the board of directors.
- 2 SECTION 2.14. Section 2051.102(d), Occupations Code, is
- 3 amended to read as follows:
- 4 (d) If an applicant is an attorney [a member of the State Bar
- 5 of Texas], the application information required under Subsection
- 6 (b)(5) must include the name and address of each person who is
- 7 involved in the activities of the athlete agent. This subsection
- 8 does not require an applicant to state the name and address of a
- 9 member of a law firm or professional corporation who is not involved
- 10 in the business of the athlete agent.
- 11 ARTICLE 3. TRANSITION AND EFFECTIVE DATE
- 12 SECTION 3.01. (a) Sections 81.022(a-2), (a-3), and (a-4),
- 13 81.054(a), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (j), and 81.115(h), Government
- 14 Code, as amended by this Act, apply only to membership fees and
- 15 other fees payable to the State Bar of Texas on or after June 1,
- 16 2026. Membership fees and other fees payable to the State Bar of
- 17 Texas before June 1, 2026, are governed by the law in effect
- 18 immediately before the effective date of this Act, and the former
- 19 law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 20 (b) As soon as practicable after the effective date of this
- 21 Act, the Supreme Court of Texas shall adopt rules necessary to
- 22 implement the changes in law made by this Act to Chapters 81 and 82,
- 23 Government Code.
- SECTION 3.02. This Act takes effect September 1, 2025.